

Blueprint for Urban Scale Greenhouse Gas Measurements

COINS webinar, Claudio D'Onofrio, 2023-03-01

ICOS Cities, aka Pilot Applications in Urban Landscapes - Towards integrated city observatories for greenhouse gases (PAUL), has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No 101037319



PAUL – ICOS Cities project

- **P**ilot **A**pplication in **U**rban **L**andscapes towards integrated city observatories for greenhouse gases
- Urban green-house gas observation
 - ICOS Cities bring together and evaluate the most innovative measurement approaches of greenhouse gas emissions in densely populated urban areas.
 - The project supports the European Green Deal and aims at developing useful tools and services for cities in support of their local climate action plans.
 - The project aims at creating data services that have societal impact.



ICOS – a European Research Infrastructure

ICOS IN SHORT 14 countries 150 stations 500 researchers 110 renowned universities or institutes

- Integrated Carbon Observation System
- Produces high-quality greenhouse gas data
- Data is free for all, used by policy makers and scientists alike
- Measurements at Atmosphere, Ecosystem, Ocean stations
- Standardised data production ensures the high-quality of the data



"Cities are where the climate battle will largely be won or lost."

António Guterres, Secretary-General, United Nations Speech at C40 World Mayors Summit (Copenhagen), 11.10.2019



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Why urban observations of greenhouse gases?

- The world needs to reduce its methane emissions by about 33%, and the greenhouse gas emissions by 43% by 2030, with a peak in 2025, to meet the 1.5°C Paris goal in long term. (IPCC 2022)
- **Cities are a hot spot in terms of generating greenhouse gases**, as currently, over 55% of the world's population lives in urban areas, and the proportion is expected to grow to 68% by 2050. (UN 2018)
- A lot of possibilities to curb emissions in cities; e.g. lower energy consumption or more sustainable energy for buildings (e.g. construction materials, heating), electric or other more sustainably fueled transportation, and enhanced carbon uptake and storage using nature. (IPCC 2022)
- **Urban observations** when provided in a suitable format for the city users support cities in their decision-making and in the follow-up of their climate plans.



KEY OBJECTIVES



COS Cities

ICOS Cities brings together European citizens, policy makers and top scientiststo co-design pioneer greenhouse gas measurement methodologies and services for cities in support of climate action. **ICOS Cities network**

3 PILOT CITIES:

Paris, Munich and Zurich

12 NETWORK CITIES:

Antwerp, Barcelona, Basel, Brno, Athens, Copenhagen, Heidelberg, Helsinki, Krakow, Rome, Rotterdam and Porto



Pilot cities & city network

Three pilot cities selected by an international panel of scientists

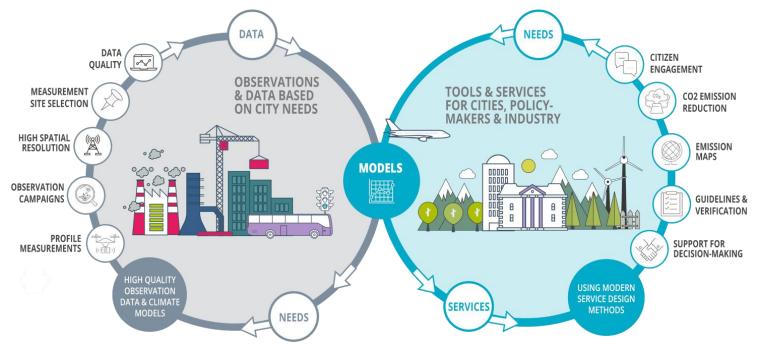
- The cities were selected based on their climate action plans, current policies and climate ambition, in addition to their contribution to improve the existing greenhouse gas inventories
- The project closely collaborates with the cities in order to design relevant climate services and tools based on the city needs

City network

- 12 additional cities covering the European continent
- The cities provide a diversity of profiles in terms of geography, population, and economic activity
- They give feedback and share experiences throughout the project, while highlighting the needs of European cities in terms of climate action



From needs to data to services





City needs and data for services

- High-resolution city emission inventory for GHGs and co-emitted species
- Analysis of climate governance structures in pilot cities
- Benchmarking of existing services for monitoring of CO2 emissions in cities
- Ongoing Interviews with stakeholders (academic, private sector, government)
- Visualisation tool for climate action plans (QGIS)
- Questionnaire in collaboration with ESS, 1st wave due to be sent out

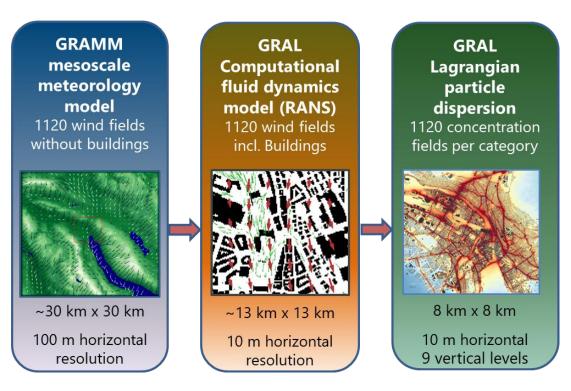


Building resolution modelling in Zurich

GRAMM/GRAL model

- Mesoscale flow with GRAMM at 100 m resol.
- Building resolving flow with GRAL at 10 m resol.
- Lagrangian particle dispersion model GRAL for simulation of CO₂
- Catalogue approach: Pre-computation for 1120 representative weather situations

ICOS Cities



Observation strategies

- High-precision tall tower concentrations
- Roof- and street-level networks
- In the second second
- 4 Tall eddy covariance towers
- Biogenic process observations
- 6 Ground-based wind and meteorology
- Satellite total column observations
 - Comparing techniques
 - Identify synergies between approaches and scales

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• In three cities (metropolitan, large, mid-size)



Communication & Engagement

 Scientific experiment kits for schools. Easy-to-do experiments about climate change and teaching the teachers on the subject. To be used for classes, aged 13-16.

(to start with, only in German, used in Zurich and Munich)

• Workshops for city network.



Lessons learned so far

- Location selection is tricky and takes more time then anticipated
- Point source influence and when do they become background signals?
- Obtain permissions (owners, municipality) it is very time consuming
- Have a plan B location
- Interviews are tricky, difficult to find people taking time for this



The Consortium



COS Cities

take home message

- Create a blueprint for Urban GHG measurements in Europe
- Provide the knowledge to create tools and services for cities, citizens, policy makers, and education









